

Non-Winnipeg Total

2018 Manitoba Provincial Electoral Divisions

Profile from the 2016 Census of Canada, April 2019

Manitoba Provincial Electoral Divisions - Winnipeg Area
2018 Boundary Representation



Data Source: Manitoba Bureau of Statistics, Custom Tabulations, 2016 Census

April 2019

Manitoba Provincial Electoral Divisions - Non-Winnipeg Area
2018 Boundary Representation



Data Source: Manitoba Bureau of Statistics, Custom Tabulations, 2016 Census

April 2019

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Population Age Groups **

100% Data

Total population	564,170	
0-14 years	123,525	21.9%
0-4 years	41,480	7.4%
5-9 years	42,620	7.6%
10-14 years	39,425	7.0%
15-64 years	353,390	62.6%
15-19 years	38,715	6.9%
20-24 years	35,605	6.3%
25-29 years	34,065	6.0%
30-34 years	33,600	6.0%
35-39 years	32,600	5.8%
40-44 years	32,970	5.8%
45-49 years	33,420	5.9%
50-54 years	38,920	6.9%
55-59 years	39,085	6.9%
60-64 years	34,410	6.1%
65 years and over	87,260	15.5%
65-69 years	28,920	5.1%
70-74 years	20,935	3.7%
75-79 years	15,115	2.7%
80-84 years	10,550	1.9%
85 years and over	11,740	2.1%
18 years and over	416,825	73.9%
Median age of the population	37.5	
Males	282,325	
0-14 years	63,335	11.2%
15-64 years	177,810	31.5%
65 years and over	41,180	7.3%
18 years and over	206,760	36.6%
Median age of males	36.7	
Females	281,845	
0-14 years	60,190	10.7%
15-64 years	175,580	31.1%
65 years and over	46,075	8.2%
18 years and over	210,065	37.2%
Median age of females	38.3	

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Legal Marital Status **

100% Data

Total population 15 years and over by Marital Status⁽¹⁾	440,650	
Single (never legally married)	115,550	26.2%
Legally Married (and not separated)	230,260	52.3%
Separated (but not divorced)	9,520	2.2%
Divorced	18,795	4.3%
Widowed	25,855	5.9%
Common-law	40,675	9.2%

Household Type **

100% Data

Total Private households by household type	205,140	
One-census-family households	144,055	70.2%
Multiple-census-family households	4,885	2.4%
Non-census family household	56,205	27.4%
One-person households	50,525	24.6%
Two-or-more person non-census family households	5,685	2.8%

Population by Household Type **

100% Data

Number of persons in private households	542,525	
Total number of non-family persons in private households	76,930	
Males not in census families	39,440	51.3%
Females not in census families	37,495	48.7%
Average household size	2.6	

Family Structure **

100% Data

Total number of census families in private households⁽²⁾	154,245	
Total couple families by family structure	130,590	84.7%
Married couples	110,260	71.5%
Common-law couples ⁽¹⁾	20,330	13.2%
Couples without children	65,360	42.4%
Couples with children	65,230	42.3%
1 child	22,525	14.6%
2 children	24,520	15.9%
3 or more children	18,185	11.8%
Total lone-parent families	23,655	15.3%
1 child	12,825	8.3%
2 children	6,315	4.1%
3 or more children	4,510	2.9%
Lone parent female headed	17,825	11.6%
Lone parent male headed	5,830	3.8%
Average family size	3.0	

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Home Language ^{(3)**} 100% Data

Total language spoken most often at home	557,150	
Single responses	542,110	97.3%
English	481,805	86.5%
French	7,415	1.3%
Non-official languages	52,885	9.5%
Aboriginal languages	14,840	2.7%
Cree, n.o.s.	7,215	1.3%
Non-Aboriginal languages	38,050	6.8%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	2,235	0.4%
German	23,315	4.2%
Punjabi (Panjabi)	695	0.1%
Mandarin	1,185	0.2%
Cantonese	395	0.1%
Spanish	2,375	0.4%
Multiple responses	15,040	2.7%

Knowledge of Official Languages ^{(4)**} 100% Data

English only	513,820	92.2%
French only	500	0.1%
English and French	37,610	6.8%
Neither English nor French	5,220	0.9%

Aboriginal Identity Population ^{(5)**} 25% Sample

Total Population	542,525	
Non-Aboriginal Population	404,180	74.5%
Total Aboriginal Population	138,345	25.5%
Single Aboriginal responses ⁽⁶⁾	137,075	25.3%
First Nations (North American Indian)	93,535	17.2%
Métis	43,215	8.0%
Inuit	325	0.1%
Multiple Aboriginal responses ⁽⁷⁾	810	0.1%
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere ⁽⁸⁾	460	0.1%

Registered or Treaty Indian status ^{***} 25% Sample

Total population by Registered or Treaty Indian status	542,525	
Registered or Treaty Indian	92,090	17.0%
Not a Registered or Treaty Indian	450,430	83.0%

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Citizenship^{(39)***} 25% Sample

Total population in private households by citizenship	542,525	
Canadian citizens⁽⁹⁾	515,705	95.1%
Canadian citizens under age 18	136,975	25.2%
Canadian citizens aged 18 and over	378,735	69.8%
Not Canadian citizens	26,820	4.9%

Immigrant Population by Period of Immigration^{(39)***} 25% Sample

Total Population by Immigrant Status	542,525	
Non-immigrant population⁽¹⁰⁾	489,125	90.2%
Immigrant population⁽¹¹⁾	50,325	9.3%
Period of Immigration:		
Before 1981	11,810	2.2%
1981 to 1990	3,905	0.7%
1991 to 2000	5,060	0.9%
2001 to 2010	18,460	3.4%
2001 to 2005	6,590	1.2%
2006 to 2010	11,870	2.2%
2011 to 2016	11,095	2.0%
Non-permanent residents⁽¹²⁾	3,070	0.6%

Place of Birth^{(39)***} 25% Sample

Total immigrant population by selected places of birth	50,325	
Americas	15,710	31.2%
Europe	19,595	38.9%
Africa	2,030	4.0%
Asia and the Middle East	12,870	25.6%
Oceania and other places of birth ⁽¹³⁾	125	0.2%

Visible Minorities^{(14)***} 25% Sample

Total Population by Visible Minority	542,525	
Not a visible minority	519,210	95.7%
Visible minority population	23,310	4.3%
South Asian	4,280	0.8%
Chinese	2,855	0.5%
Black	3,405	0.6%
Filipino	6,325	1.2%
Latin American	3,175	0.6%
Arab	465	0.1%
Southeast Asian	670	0.1%
West Asian	240	0.0%
Korean	600	0.1%
Japanese	280	0.1%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	235	0.0%
Multiple visible minorities	580	0.1%

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Ethnic Origin ^{(15)(16)***}	25% Sample	
Total Population in Private Households by Ethnic Origins	542,525	
North American Aboriginal origins	138,345	25.5%
First Nations (North American Indian)	99,470	18.3%
Métis	43,490	8.0%
Other North American origins (e.g., Canadian, American, Acadian)	128,635	23.7%
Canadian	126,105	23.2%
European origins	377,660	69.6%
British Isles origins	188,940	34.8%
English	113,420	20.9%
Irish	67,555	12.5%
Scottish	93,970	17.3%
French origins	64,595	11.9%
French	64,565	11.9%
Western European origins (except French origins)	147,750	27.2%
German	113,465	20.9%
Northern European origins (except British Isles origins)	36,975	6.8%
Eastern European origins	128,530	23.7%
Polish	78,450	14.5%
Ukrainian	34,905	6.4%
Southern European origins	11,425	2.1%
Other European origins	2,100	0.4%
Caribbean origins	1,785	0.3%
Latin, Central and South American origins	12,075	2.2%
African origins	3,455	0.6%
Central and West African origins	620	0.1%
North African origins	455	0.1%
Southern and East African origins	1,295	0.2%
Other African origins	1,140	0.2%
Asian origins	18,360	3.4%
West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins	2,120	0.4%
South Asian origins	4,600	0.8%
East and Southeast Asian origins	11,650	2.1%
Filipino	6,670	1.2%
Other Asian origins	140	0.0%
Oceania origins	555	0.1%

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Mobility Status ***

25% Sample

Total Population by Mobility status 1 year ago⁽¹⁷⁾	535,005	
Non-movers	474,900	88.8%
Movers	60,105	11.2%
Non-migrants	29,380	5.5%
Migrants	30,730	5.7%
Internal migrants	28,070	5.2%
Intraprovincial migrants	23,395	4.4%
Interprovincial migrants	4,675	0.9%
External migrants	2,660	0.5%
Total Population by Mobility status 5 years ago⁽¹⁸⁾	502,455	
Non-movers	332,645	66.2%
Movers	169,810	33.8%
Non-migrants	76,820	15.3%
Migrants	92,995	18.5%
Internal migrants	81,460	16.2%
Intraprovincial migrants	67,010	13.3%
Interprovincial migrants	14,450	2.9%
External migrants	11,535	2.3%

Dwelling Type **

100% Data

Total occupied private dwellings	205,145	
Single-detached house	161,675	78.8%
Semi-detached house	5,280	2.6%
Row house	7,165	3.5%
Apartment or flat in a duplex	1,965	1.0%
Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys	2,345	1.1%
Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys	16,480	8.0%
Other single-attached house	430	0.2%
Movable dwelling ⁽¹⁹⁾	9,805	4.8%

Dwelling Tenure and Characteristics ***

25% Sample

Total private households by tenure	205,140	
Owner	151,065	73.6%
Renter	41,465	20.2%
Band housing	12,615	6.1%
Median value of dwellings (\$)	\$245,574	
Average number of rooms per dwelling	6.5	

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Dwellings by Need of Repair *** 25% Sample

Total - Occupied private dwellings by dwelling condition	205,140	
Only regular maintenance or minor repairs needed	183,260	89.3%
Major repairs needed	21,880	10.7%

Dwellings by Period of Construction *** 25% Sample

Total number of occupied private dwellings by period of construction	205,140	
1960 or before	44,750	21.8%
1961 to 1980	63,930	31.2%
1981 to 1990	28,610	13.9%
1991 to 2000	24,505	11.9%
2001 to 2005	11,825	5.8%
2006 to 2010	15,295	7.5%
2011 to 2016	16,240	7.9%

Dwelling Costs by Tenure *** 25% Sample

Total non-farm, non-reserve occupied private dwellings with income	178,805	
Number of tenant households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings	40,105	22.4%
Median monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$) ⁽²⁰⁾	\$734	
% of tenant households in subsidized housing	22.3%	
% of tenant households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter costs	30.3%	
Number of owner households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings	139,040	77.8%
Median monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$) ⁽²¹⁾	\$826	
% of owner households with a mortgage	57.0%	
% of owner households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter costs	10.3%	

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Highest Level of Schooling^{(22)***} 25% Sample

Total population 15 year and over	423,065	
No certificate, diploma or degree	122,545	29.0%
Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate⁽²³⁾	123,430	29.2%
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	177,085	41.9%
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	38,980	9.2%
Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification ⁽²⁴⁾	17,880	4.2%
Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification ⁽²⁵⁾	21,095	5.0%
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	74,615	17.6%
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	12,955	3.1%
University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	50,535	11.9%
Bachelor's degree	37,650	8.9%
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	4,520	1.1%
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	1,390	0.3%
Master's degree	6,000	1.4%
Earned doctorate	980	0.2%

Postsecondary Qualifications, Field of Study^{(26)***} 25% Sample

Total population 15 years and over	423,065	
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	245,975	58.1%
Education	19,165	4.5%
Visual and performing arts & communications technologies	3,245	0.8%
Humanities	6,925	1.6%
Social and behavioural sciences and law	12,095	2.9%
Business, management and public administration	30,400	7.2%
Physical and life sciences and technologies	3,775	0.9%
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	3,640	0.9%
Architecture, engineering, and related technologies	41,020	9.7%
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	9,370	2.2%
Health and related fields	34,490	8.2%
Personal, protective and transportation services	12,940	3.1%
Other fields of study	35	0.0%

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Labour Force Status^{(27)***}

25% Sample

Total population 15 years and over	423,065	
In the labour force	274,175	
Employed	254,645	
Unemployed	19,530	
Not in the labour force	148,890	
Participation rate	64.8%	
Employment rate	60.2%	
Unemployment rate	7.1%	
Males - 15 years and over	210,750	49.8%
In the labour force	147,600	
Employed	135,905	
Unemployed	11,695	
Not in the labour force	63,150	
Participation rate	70.0%	
Employment rate	64.5%	
Unemployment rate	7.9%	
Females - 15 years and over	212,315	50.2%
In the labour force	126,575	
Employed	118,740	
Unemployed	7,830	
Not in the labour force	85,740	
Participation rate	59.6%	
Employment rate	55.9%	
Unemployment rate	6.2%	

Labour Force by Sex and Class of Worker^{***}

25% Sample

Total population in the labour force 15 years and over	274,175	
Males - All classes of workers	147,600	53.8%
Employee	119,345	43.5%
Self-employed ⁽²⁸⁾	38,420	14.0%
Class of worker - not applicable ⁽²⁹⁾	2,500	0.9%
Females - All classes of workers	126,570	46.2%
Employee	111,490	40.7%
Self-employed ⁽²⁸⁾	12,675	4.6%
Class of worker - not applicable ⁽²⁹⁾	2,415	0.9%

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Labour Force by Major Occupation Groups (NOC 2016) ^{(30)***}

25% Sample

Total labour force 15 years and over	274,175	
Males	147,600	53.8%
Occupation - not applicable	2,500	0.9%
All occupations	145,100	52.9%
Management occupations	24,320	8.9%
Business, finance and administration occupations	7,745	2.8%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	7,340	2.7%
Health occupations	3,065	1.1%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services	10,155	3.7%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	1,265	0.5%
Sales and service occupations	21,000	7.7%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	49,330	18.0%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	11,445	4.2%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	9,420	3.4%
Females	126,575	46.2%
Occupation - not applicable	2,415	0.9%
All occupations	124,160	45.3%
Management occupations	11,445	4.2%
Business, finance and administration occupations	26,035	9.5%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	2,155	0.8%
Health occupations	16,725	6.1%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services	24,530	8.9%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	2,470	0.9%
Sales and service occupations	32,020	11.7%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	2,620	1.0%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	3,255	1.2%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	2,920	1.1%

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Labour Force by Industry (NAICS 2012)^{(31)***}

25% Sample

	274,175	
Total labour force 15 years and over		
Industry - not applicable	4,920	1.8%
All industry categories	269,255	98.2%
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	26,195	9.6%
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	4,825	1.8%
Utilities	3,685	1.3%
Construction	25,455	9.3%
Manufacturing	21,420	7.8%
Wholesale trade	8,160	3.0%
Retail trade	27,375	10.0%
Transportation and warehousing	13,920	5.1%
Information and cultural industries	2,870	1.0%
Finance and insurance	7,505	2.7%
Real estate and rental and leasing	2,495	0.9%
Professional, scientific and technical services	7,760	2.8%
Management of companies and enterprises	135	0.0%
Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	7,005	2.6%
Educational services	22,780	8.3%
Health care and social assistance	37,655	13.7%
Arts, entertainment and recreation	4,375	1.6%
Accommodation and food services	14,865	5.4%
Other services (except public administration)	11,445	4.2%
Public administration	19,330	7.1%

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Labour Force by Sex and Place of Work ***

25% Sample

Total employed labour force 15 years and over	254,645	
Males in employed labour force	135,900	53.4%
No fixed workplace address	26,220	10.3%
Worked at home	15,980	6.3%
Worked at usual place	93,240	36.6%
Worked outside Canada	465	0.2%
Females in employed labour force	118,740	46.6%
No fixed workplace address	6,695	2.6%
Worked at home	11,440	4.5%
Worked at usual place	100,415	39.4%
Worked outside Canada	185	0.1%

Employed Labour Force by Mode of Transportation ⁽³²⁾***

25% Sample

Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force in private households	226,570	
Car, truck, van - as a driver	188,385	83.1%
Car, truck, van - as a passenger	15,165	6.7%
Public transit	2,630	1.2%
Walked	15,580	6.9%
Bicycle	1,965	0.9%
Other method	2,845	1.3%

Employment Income (2015) by Sex and Work Activity ⁽³³⁾***^

25% Sample

Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over who worked full year, full time in 2015	147,770	
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$48,434	
Males	88,410	59.8%
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$53,261	
Females	59,360	40.2%
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$42,607	

Total Income (2015) by Sex^{(34)***}

25% Sample

Total population 15 years and over with income	403,640	
Males 15 years and over with income	200,865	49.8%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	27,285	6.8%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	25,380	6.3%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	23,470	5.8%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	23,140	5.7%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	24,075	6.0%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	19,005	4.7%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	14,945	3.7%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	11,400	2.8%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	8,790	2.2%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	6,040	1.5%
\$100,000 and over	17,335	4.3%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	12,710	3.1%
\$150,000 and over	4,625	1.1%
Median total income (\$)	\$40,415	
Females 15 years and over with income	202,780	50.2%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	32,910	8.2%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	42,020	10.4%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	35,230	8.7%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	28,105	7.0%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	21,450	5.3%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	13,530	3.4%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	8,785	2.2%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	6,300	1.6%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	5,330	1.3%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	3,170	0.8%
\$100,000 and over	5,955	1.5%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	4,655	1.2%
\$150,000 and over	1,290	0.3%
Median total income (\$)	\$27,316	

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Household Income (2015)^{(35)***^}

25% Sample

Total private households	205,145	
Under \$5,000 (including loss)	3,485	1.7%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	2,945	1.4%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	4,620	2.3%
\$15,000 to \$19,999	8,375	4.1%
\$20,000 to \$24,999	9,365	4.6%
\$25,000 to \$29,999	8,400	4.1%
\$30,000 to \$34,999	9,565	4.7%
\$35,000 to \$39,999	9,460	4.6%
\$40,000 to \$44,999	8,960	4.4%
\$45,000 to \$49,999	8,995	4.4%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	16,935	8.3%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	15,805	7.7%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	14,265	7.0%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	12,925	6.3%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	11,730	5.7%
\$100,000 and over	59,300	28.9%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	22,270	10.9%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	14,110	6.9%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	14,420	7.0%
\$200,000 and over	8,500	4.1%
Median household income (\$)	\$67,168	

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total *

Economic Family Income (2015)^{(36)***^}

25% Sample

Total number of economic families	151,335	
Median family income (\$)	\$80,968	
Couple-Only economic families	61,775	40.8%
Median family income (\$)	\$76,121	
Couple-with-children economic families	65,620	43.4%
Median family income (\$)	\$100,583	
Lone-parent economic families	20,030	13.2%
Median family income (\$)	\$44,693	

Prevalence of Low Income in 2015 on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT)^{(37)***^}

25% Sample

Total population	477,540	
Aged 0 to 17 years	115,995	24.3%
Aged 0 to 5 years	38,450	8.1%
Aged 18 to 64 years	284,750	59.6%
65 years and over	76,800	16.1%
Males in Low Income	239,160	50.1%
Females in Low Income	238,380	49.9%

Total low-income population to whom low-income concepts are applicable⁽³⁸⁾

70,980

Aged 0 to 17 years	24,315	34.3%
Aged 0 to 5 years	9,295	13.1%
Aged 18 to 64 years	34,125	48.1%
Aged 65 years and over	12,540	17.7%

Males in Low Income	33,255	46.9%
Females in Low Income	37,725	53.1%

Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT) (%)⁽³⁸⁾

14.9%

Aged 0 to 17 years	21.0%
Aged 0 to 5 years	24.2%
Aged 18 to 64 years	12.0%
Aged 65 years and over	16.3%

Males in Low Income	13.9%
Females in Low Income	15.8%

Endnotes:

The global non-response rate (GNR) for the Non-Winnipeg Total 100% data is 5.4% and 7.3% for the 25% data. The GNR combines both complete non-response (household) and partial non-reponse (question) into a single rate. The GNR is an indication of data quality, where a smaller GNR suggests greater accuracy and a lower risk of non-response bias. When the GNR is 50% or above, the data are suppressed. A higher GNR indicates the need for user caution.

Data in this report have been specially tabulated from the Statistic Canada 2016 Census of Canada, by allocation of the Statistics Canada block face reference points to Provincial Electoral Divisions (PEDs).

- ^ Income statistics presented in this report are based on 25% sample data from 2016 Census. Statistics Canada has also released income data using a 100% sample, as such, Manitoba income statistics in this report may not match data presented elsewhere. Income statistics from the 25% sample are used because the PEDs have been created using block face reference points.
- * Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.
- ** 100% Data
- *** 25% Sample Data
- .. Data not available
- (1) All persons under the age of 15 years are considered 'never married' and not living common-law.
- (2) Census family is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.
- (3) Language spoken most often at home at the time of the Census. More than one language can be reported if the languages are spoken equally often. Caution is advised when using for historical comparability purposes.
- (4) Refers to whether a person can conduct a conversation in the language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages the child is learning.
- (5) Includes persons who reported being an Aboriginal person (First Nations/North American Indian, Métis or Inuk/Inuit) and/or having Registered or Treaty Indian status, and/or membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Estimates associated with this variable are most affected by the incomplete enumeration of Indian reserves or settlements.
- (6) Includes persons who indicated only one Aboriginal group (i.e. First Nations, Metis or Inuit).
- (7) Includes persons who indicated any two or all three of First Nations, Metis or Inuit.
- (8) Includes persons who are not First Nations, Metis or Inuit, but who reported Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- (9) Includes Canadian citizens by birth and naturalization.
- (10) Persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.
- (11) Persons who are, or have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. This category includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
- (12) Includes persons from another country who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants, and their family members living in Canada with them.
- (13) Includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere (i.e. born at sea).
- (14) Refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act , and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. Under the Act , visible minorities are "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour."
- (15) Refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors (usually more distant than a grandparent).
- (16) The sum of the ethnic groups in this table is greater than the total population count because a person may report more than one ethnic origin.
- (17) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier. Non-migrants are persons who moved but remained in the same city, town, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different jurisdiction (such as a city or town) but remained within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.

Provincial Electoral Division of Non-Winnipeg Total

- (18) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier.
- (19) Includes mobile homes and other dwellings such as houseboats, recreational vehicles and railroad cars.
- (20) All expenses paid by household renters including monthly rent, electricity, heat, water and other municipal services where applicable.
- (21) All expenses paid by household owners including mortgage, electricity, heat, water, taxes, condominium fees, and other municipal services where applicable.
- (22) Highest level of education a person has successfully completed and measures the broader concept of 'Educational Attainment'. A person who has completed one type of certification will not necessarily have completed the certification below it in the hierarchy. For example, a person with a trades certificate may not have completed a high school certification.
- (23) Includes only people who have this as their highest educational qualification. Excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.
- (24) Includes trades certificates/diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates from brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and the like.
- (25) Includes Journeyperson's designations.
- (26) The main discipline or subject of learning for the person's highest completed postsecondary qualification, classified according to the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Canada 2016.
- (27) Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of May 1-7, 2016.
- (28) Includes persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business with or without paid help, as well as unpaid family workers.
- (29) Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2015.
- (30) Refers to the kind of work performed by persons during the week of May 1-7, 2016, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job, according to the National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016.
- (31) Refers to the general nature of the business carried out where the person worked, classified according to the North American Industry Classification (NAICS) 2012.
- (32) Census assumes that commute to work begins at the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case.
- (33) Includes all income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice in the calendar year of 2015. Full-time full-year workers are those who worked 30 hours or more per week for at least 49 weeks in the calendar year of 2015.
- (34) Total income refers to monetary receipts from certain sources (e.g., employment income, government transfer, Old Age Security, income from investment, spousal support etc.), before income taxes and deductions, during calendar year 2015.
- (35) Total income of all household members, before income taxes and deductions for the calendar year of 2015.
- (36) Total income of all economic family members, before income taxes and deductions for the calendar year of 2015. An economic family refers to a group of two or more people who live in the same dwelling and are related by blood, marriage, common-law union, adoption or foster relationship. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. By definition, all people who are members of a census family are also members of an economic family. However, members of an economic family need not be members of the same census family.
- (37) The low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) is a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of households. The household after-tax income is adjusted to take economies of scale into account. The adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase, but at a decreasing rate, as the number of members increases. LIM-AT is not related or comparable to the low-income cut-offs (LICO) in the 2006 Census. Direct comparisons with low-income estimates from other sources is discouraged; however, it is appropriate to compare this low-income data for the PEDs presented here.
- (38) The income situation in relation to a specific low-income line, with those below the line considered to be in low income. Low income concepts are not applied in certain areas based on census subdivision types (i.e. Indian reserves). Substantial in-kind transfers (i.e. subsidized and/or band housing), barter economies and/or consumption from hunting, farming or fishing, could make the interpretation of low income statistics difficult in these cases. Due to the differing numbers of reserves within the various PEDs, some PEDs will be impacted by this more so than others.
- (39) Persons living on Indian reserves and Indian settlements were not asked the questions on citizenship, landed immigrant status or year of immigration. Consequently, this data is not available for areas where the majority of the population resides on-reserve. The following electoral divisions are impacted by this: Flin Flon, Keewatinook and The Pas-Kameesak.