

Southdale

2018 Manitoba Provincial Electoral Divisions

Profile from the 2016 Census of Canada, April 2019

Manitoba Provincial Electoral Divisions - Winnipeg Area
2018 Boundary Representation



Data Source: Manitoba Bureau of Statistics, Custom Tabulations, 2016 Census

April 2019

Manitoba Provincial Electoral Divisions - Non-Winnipeg Area
2018 Boundary Representation



Data Source: Manitoba Bureau of Statistics, Custom Tabulations, 2016 Census

April 2019

Population Age Groups **	100% Data	
Total population	23,095	
0-14 years	3,800	16.5%
0-4 years	1,150	5.0%
5-9 years	1,285	5.6%
10-14 years	1,365	5.9%
15-64 years	15,030	65.1%
15-19 years	1,455	6.3%
20-24 years	1,540	6.7%
25-29 years	1,350	5.8%
30-34 years	1,315	5.7%
35-39 years	1,480	6.4%
40-44 years	1,480	6.4%
45-49 years	1,500	6.5%
50-54 years	1,760	7.6%
55-59 years	1,650	7.1%
60-64 years	1,500	6.5%
65 years and over	4,270	18.5%
65-69 years	1,375	6.0%
70-74 years	1,115	4.8%
75-79 years	805	3.5%
80-84 years	570	2.5%
85 years and over	405	1.8%
18 years and over	18,435	79.8%
Median age of the population	42.1	
Males	11,260	
0-14 years	1,925	8.3%
15-64 years	7,390	32.0%
65 years and over	1,950	8.4%
18 years and over	8,890	38.5%
Median age of males	41.1	
Females	11,835	
0-14 years	1,870	8.1%
15-64 years	7,645	33.1%
65 years and over	2,320	10.0%
18 years and over	9,545	41.3%
Median age of females	43.1	

Legal Marital Status **

100% Data

Total population 15 years and over by Marital Status⁽¹⁾	19,295	
Single (never legally married)	5,105	26.5%
Legally Married (and not separated)	10,035	52.0%
Separated (but not divorced)	495	2.6%
Divorced	1,040	5.4%
Widowed	1,035	5.4%
Common-law	1,585	8.2%

Household Type **

100% Data

Total Private households by household type	9,070	
One-census-family households	6,485	71.5%
Multiple-census-family households	170	1.9%
Non-census family household	2,415	26.6%
One-person households	2,125	23.4%
Two-or-more person non-census family households	285	3.1%

Population by Household Type **

100% Data

Number of persons in private households	22,955	
Total number of non-family persons in private households	3,245	
Males not in census families	1,480	45.6%
Females not in census families	1,765	54.4%
Average household size	2.5	

Family Structure **

100% Data

Total number of census families in private households⁽²⁾	6,835	
Total couple families by family structure	5,730	83.8%
Married couples	4,940	72.3%
Common-law couples ⁽¹⁾	790	11.6%
Couples without children	2,795	40.9%
Couples with children	2,935	42.9%
1 child	1,130	16.5%
2 children	1,240	18.1%
3 or more children	560	8.2%
Total lone-parent families	1,105	16.2%
1 child	685	10.0%
2 children	300	4.4%
3 or more children	115	1.7%
Lone parent female headed	845	12.4%
Lone parent male headed	260	3.8%
Average family size	2.9	

Provincial Electoral Division of Southdale *

Home Language ^{(3)**} 100% Data

Total language spoken most often at home	22,950	
Single responses	21,990	95.8%
English	19,480	84.9%
French	1,160	5.1%
Non-official languages	1,350	5.9%
Aboriginal languages	5	0.0%
Cree, n.o.s.	5	0.0%
Non-Aboriginal languages	1,345	5.9%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	205	0.9%
German	30	0.1%
Punjabi (Panjabi)	110	0.5%
Mandarin	60	0.3%
Cantonese	65	0.3%
Spanish	90	0.4%
Multiple responses	960	4.2%

Knowledge of Official Languages ^{(4)**} 100% Data

English only	17,605	76.7%
French only	95	0.4%
English and French	5,080	22.1%
Neither English nor French	165	0.7%

Aboriginal Identity Population ^{(5)**} 25% Sample

Total Population	22,935	
Non-Aboriginal Population	20,230	88.2%
Total Aboriginal Population	2,705	11.8%
Single Aboriginal responses ⁽⁶⁾	2,690	11.7%
First Nations (North American Indian)	595	2.6%
Métis	2,090	9.1%
Inuit	10	0.0%
Multiple Aboriginal responses ⁽⁷⁾	10	0.0%
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere ⁽⁸⁾	0	0.0%

Registered or Treaty Indian status ^{***} 25% Sample

Total population by Registered or Treaty Indian status	22,935	
Registered or Treaty Indian	525	2.3%
Not a Registered or Treaty Indian	22,410	97.7%

Citizenship^{(39)*}** 25% Sample

Total population in private households by citizenship	22,935	
Canadian citizens⁽⁹⁾	21,360	93.1%
Canadian citizens under age 18	4,190	18.3%
Canadian citizens aged 18 and over	17,165	74.8%
Not Canadian citizens	1,580	6.9%

Immigrant Population by Period of Immigration^{(39)*}** 25% Sample

Total Population by Immigrant Status	22,930	
Non-immigrant population⁽¹⁰⁾	18,900	82.4%
Immigrant population⁽¹¹⁾	3,880	16.9%
Period of Immigration:		
Before 1981	1,130	4.9%
1981 to 1990	300	1.3%
1991 to 2000	335	1.5%
2001 to 2010	970	4.2%
2001 to 2005	375	1.6%
2006 to 2010	590	2.6%
2011 to 2016	1,145	5.0%
Non-permanent residents⁽¹²⁾	155	0.7%

Place of Birth^{(39)*}** 25% Sample

Total immigrant population by selected places of birth	3,880	
Americas	510	13.1%
Europe	1,260	32.5%
Africa	600	15.5%
Asia and the Middle East	1,510	38.9%
Oceania and other places of birth ⁽¹³⁾	0	0.0%

Visible Minorities^{(14)*}** 25% Sample

Total Population by Visible Minority	22,930	
Not a visible minority	19,250	84.0%
Visible minority population	3,685	16.1%
South Asian	675	2.9%
Chinese	275	1.2%
Black	880	3.8%
Filipino	750	3.3%
Latin American	190	0.8%
Arab	205	0.9%
Southeast Asian	235	1.0%
West Asian	25	0.1%
Korean	95	0.4%
Japanese	70	0.3%
Visible minority, n.i.e.	50	0.2%
Multiple visible minorities	175	0.8%

Ethnic Origin ^{(15)(16)***}	25% Sample	
Total Population in Private Households by Ethnic Origins	22,930	
North American Aboriginal origins	2,915	12.7%
First Nations (North American Indian)	960	4.2%
Métis	2,110	9.2%
Other North American origins (e.g., Canadian, American, Acadian)	5,160	22.5%
Canadian	4,960	21.6%
European origins	17,465	76.2%
British Isles origins	8,825	38.5%
English	4,925	21.5%
Irish	3,470	15.1%
Scottish	4,215	18.4%
French origins	5,030	21.9%
French	5,030	21.9%
Western European origins (except French origins)	5,345	23.3%
German	3,840	16.7%
Northern European origins (except British Isles origins)	1,665	7.3%
Eastern European origins	5,470	23.9%
Polish	3,695	16.1%
Ukrainian	1,710	7.5%
Southern European origins	1,640	7.2%
Other European origins	125	0.5%
Caribbean origins	310	1.4%
Latin, Central and South American origins	355	1.5%
African origins	935	4.1%
Central and West African origins	470	2.0%
North African origins	140	0.6%
Southern and East African origins	245	1.1%
Other African origins	150	0.7%
Asian origins	2,610	11.4%
West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins	325	1.4%
South Asian origins	700	3.1%
East and Southeast Asian origins	1,585	6.9%
Filipino	795	3.5%
Other Asian origins	0	0.0%
Oceania origins	20	0.1%

Mobility Status *** 25% Sample

Total Population by Mobility status 1 year ago⁽¹⁷⁾	22,720	
Non-movers	20,520	90.3%
Movers	2,200	9.7%
Non-migrants	1,765	7.8%
Migrants	435	1.9%
Internal migrants	290	1.3%
Intraprovincial migrants	135	0.6%
Interprovincial migrants	150	0.7%
External migrants	145	0.6%
Total Population by Mobility status 5 years ago⁽¹⁸⁾	21,790	
Non-movers	14,695	67.4%
Movers	7,095	32.6%
Non-migrants	5,165	23.7%
Migrants	1,930	8.9%
Internal migrants	870	4.0%
Intraprovincial migrants	490	2.2%
Interprovincial migrants	375	1.7%
External migrants	1,060	4.9%

Dwelling Type ** 100% Data

Total occupied private dwellings	9,065	
Single-detached house	6,360	70.2%
Semi-detached house	720	7.9%
Row house	290	3.2%
Apartment or flat in a duplex	50	0.6%
Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys	285	3.1%
Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys	1,375	15.2%
Other single-attached house	0	0.0%
Movable dwelling ⁽¹⁹⁾	0	0.0%

Dwelling Tenure and Characteristics *** 25% Sample

Total private households by tenure	9,075	
Owner	6,885	75.9%
Renter	2,190	24.1%
Band housing	0	0.0%
Median value of dwellings (\$)	\$300,420	
Average number of rooms per dwelling	6.6	

Dwellings by Need of Repair *** 25% Sample

Total - Occupied private dwellings by dwelling condition	9,075	
Only regular maintenance or minor repairs needed	8,530	94.0%
Major repairs needed	545	6.0%

Dwellings by Period of Construction *** 25% Sample

Total number of occupied private dwellings by period of construction	9,075	
1960 or before	2,155	23.7%
1961 to 1980	4,700	51.8%
1981 to 1990	745	8.2%
1991 to 2000	735	8.1%
2001 to 2005	350	3.9%
2006 to 2010	340	3.7%
2011 to 2016	55	0.6%

Dwelling Costs by Tenure *** 25% Sample

Total non-farm, non-reserve occupied private dwellings with income	9,060	
Number of tenant households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings	2,190	24.2%
Median monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$) ⁽²⁰⁾	\$1,051	
% of tenant households in subsidized housing	9.4%	
% of tenant households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter costs	35.3%	
Number of owner households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings	6,885	76.0%
Median monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$) ⁽²¹⁾	\$1,044	
% of owner households with a mortgage	58.3%	
% of owner households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter costs	8.6%	

Highest Level of Schooling ^{(22)***}	25% Sample	
Total population 15 year and over	19,150	
No certificate, diploma or degree	3,005	15.7%
Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate⁽²³⁾	6,115	31.9%
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	10,030	52.4%
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	1,420	7.4%
Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification ⁽²⁴⁾	645	3.4%
Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification ⁽²⁵⁾	775	4.0%
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	3,725	19.5%
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	535	2.8%
University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	4,350	22.7%
Bachelor's degree	3,055	16.0%
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	395	2.1%
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	135	0.7%
Master's degree	640	3.3%
Earned doctorate	120	0.6%

Postsecondary Qualifications, Field of Study ^{(26)***}	25% Sample	
Total population 15 years and over	19,155	
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	9,120	47.6%
Education	1,055	5.5%
Visual and performing arts & communications technologies	315	1.6%
Humanities	460	2.4%
Social and behavioural sciences and law	1,030	5.4%
Business, management and public administration	2,285	11.9%
Physical and life sciences and technologies	370	1.9%
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	440	2.3%
Architecture, engineering, and related technologies	1,970	10.3%
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	160	0.8%
Health and related fields	1,460	7.6%
Personal, protective and transportation services	485	2.5%
Other fields of study	0	0.0%

Labour Force Status^{(27)*}** 25% Sample

Total population 15 years and over	19,150	
In the labour force	12,705	
Employed	11,910	
Unemployed	800	
Not in the labour force	6,440	
Participation rate	66.3%	
Employment rate	62.2%	
Unemployment rate	6.3%	
Males - 15 years and over	9,275	48.4%
In the labour force	6,435	
Employed	5,965	
Unemployed	470	
Not in the labour force	2,840	
Participation rate	69.4%	
Employment rate	64.3%	
Unemployment rate	7.3%	
Females - 15 years and over	9,875	51.6%
In the labour force	6,275	
Employed	5,950	
Unemployed	325	
Not in the labour force	3,605	
Participation rate	63.5%	
Employment rate	60.3%	
Unemployment rate	5.2%	

Labour Force by Sex and Class of Worker^{*}** 25% Sample

Total population in the labour force 15 years and over	12,710	
Males - All classes of workers	6,435	50.6%
Employee	5,695	44.8%
Self-employed ⁽²⁸⁾	1,055	8.3%
Class of worker - not applicable ⁽²⁹⁾	75	0.6%
Females - All classes of workers	6,275	49.4%
Employee	5,770	45.4%
Self-employed ⁽²⁸⁾	395	3.1%
Class of worker - not applicable ⁽²⁹⁾	115	0.9%

Labour Force by Major Occupation Groups (NOC 2016) ^{(30)***}

25% Sample

Total labour force 15 years and over	12,710	
Males	6,440	50.7%
Occupation - not applicable	75	0.6%
All occupations	6,360	50.0%
Management occupations	665	5.2%
Business, finance and administration occupations	705	5.5%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	605	4.8%
Health occupations	195	1.5%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services	560	4.4%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	95	0.7%
Sales and service occupations	1,380	10.9%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	1,800	14.2%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	90	0.7%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	270	2.1%
Females	6,270	49.3%
Occupation - not applicable	115	0.9%
All occupations	6,160	48.5%
Management occupations	510	4.0%
Business, finance and administration occupations	1,545	12.2%
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations	185	1.5%
Health occupations	695	5.5%
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services	1,220	9.6%
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	215	1.7%
Sales and service occupations	1,585	12.5%
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations	90	0.7%
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	15	0.1%
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	95	0.7%

Labour Force by Industry (NAICS 2012)^{(31)***}

25% Sample

	12,705	
Total labour force 15 years and over	12,705	
Industry - not applicable	190	1.5%
All industry categories	12,515	98.5%
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	75	0.6%
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	15	0.1%
Utilities	205	1.6%
Construction	990	7.8%
Manufacturing	815	6.4%
Wholesale trade	475	3.7%
Retail trade	1,375	10.8%
Transportation and warehousing	685	5.4%
Information and cultural industries	215	1.7%
Finance and insurance	670	5.3%
Real estate and rental and leasing	185	1.5%
Professional, scientific and technical services	810	6.4%
Management of companies and enterprises	20	0.2%
Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	430	3.4%
Educational services	1,190	9.4%
Health care and social assistance	1,625	12.8%
Arts, entertainment and recreation	265	2.1%
Accommodation and food services	900	7.1%
Other services (except public administration)	560	4.4%
Public administration	1,010	7.9%

Labour Force by Sex and Place of Work ***

25% Sample

Total employed labour force 15 years and over	11,910	
Males in employed labour force	5,965	50.1%
No fixed workplace address	945	7.9%
Worked at home	280	2.4%
Worked at usual place	4,710	39.5%
Worked outside Canada	25	0.2%
Females in employed labour force	5,945	49.9%
No fixed workplace address	295	2.5%
Worked at home	260	2.2%
Worked at usual place	5,385	45.2%
Worked outside Canada	10	0.1%

 Employed Labour Force by Mode of Transportation ^{(32)***}

25% Sample

Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force in private households	11,340	
Car, truck, van - as a driver	8,755	77.2%
Car, truck, van - as a passenger	595	5.2%
Public transit	1,305	11.5%
Walked	380	3.4%
Bicycle	190	1.7%
Other method	115	1.0%

 Employment Income (2015) by Sex and Work Activity ^{(33)***^}

25% Sample

Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over who worked full year, full time in 2015	7,115	
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$55,163	
Males	3,960	55.7%
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$60,104	
Females	3,150	44.3%
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$)	\$49,558	

Total Income (2015) by Sex^{(34)***}

25% Sample

Total population 15 years and over with income	18,420	
Males 15 years and over with income	8,870	48.2%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	915	5.0%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	945	5.1%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	850	4.6%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	940	5.1%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,210	6.6%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	945	5.1%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	790	4.3%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	625	3.4%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	445	2.4%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	345	1.9%
\$100,000 and over	865	4.7%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	610	3.3%
\$150,000 and over	255	1.4%
Median total income (\$)	\$46,357	
Females 15 years and over with income	9,555	51.9%
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	1,140	6.2%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	1,645	8.9%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	1,285	7.0%
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,340	7.3%
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,240	6.7%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	955	5.2%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	655	3.6%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	395	2.1%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	300	1.6%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	195	1.1%
\$100,000 and over	405	2.2%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	325	1.8%
\$150,000 and over	80	0.4%
Median total income (\$)	\$35,459	

Household Income (2015)^{(35)***^}

25% Sample

Total private households	9,075	
Under \$5,000 (including loss)	45	0.5%
\$5,000 to \$9,999	65	0.7%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	105	1.2%
\$15,000 to \$19,999	180	2.0%
\$20,000 to \$24,999	205	2.3%
\$25,000 to \$29,999	245	2.7%
\$30,000 to \$34,999	305	3.4%
\$35,000 to \$39,999	365	4.0%
\$40,000 to \$44,999	345	3.8%
\$45,000 to \$49,999	320	3.5%
\$50,000 to \$59,999	755	8.3%
\$60,000 to \$69,999	755	8.3%
\$70,000 to \$79,999	725	8.0%
\$80,000 to \$89,999	660	7.3%
\$90,000 to \$99,999	560	6.2%
\$100,000 and over	3,420	37.7%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	1,215	13.4%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	805	8.9%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	905	10.0%
\$200,000 and over	495	5.5%
Median household income (\$)	\$81,860	

Economic Family Income (2015)^{(36)*^}** 25% Sample

Total number of economic families	6,720	
Median family income (\$)	\$95,096	
Couple-Only economic families	2,575	38.3%
Median family income (\$)	\$85,069	
Couple-with-children economic families	2,980	44.3%
Median family income (\$)	\$117,936	
Lone-parent economic families	1,010	15.0%
Median family income (\$)	\$63,999	

Prevalence of Low Income in 2015 on after-tax low-income measure (LIM-AT)^{(37)*^}** 25% Sample

Total population	22,930	
Aged 0 to 17 years	4,595	20.0%
Aged 0 to 5 years	1,405	6.1%
Aged 18 to 64 years	14,140	61.7%
65 years and over	4,205	18.3%
Males in Low Income	11,180	48.8%
Females in Low Income	11,755	51.3%
Total low-income population to whom low-income concepts are applicable⁽³⁸⁾	1,955	
Aged 0 to 17 years	620	31.7%
Aged 0 to 5 years	230	11.8%
Aged 18 to 64 years	1,085	55.5%
Aged 65 years and over	250	12.8%
Males in Low Income	910	46.5%
Females in Low Income	1,045	53.5%
Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT) (%)⁽³⁸⁾	8.5%	
Aged 0 to 17 years	13.5%	
Aged 0 to 5 years	16.1%	
Aged 18 to 64 years	7.7%	
Aged 65 years and over	5.8%	
Males in Low Income	8.1%	
Females in Low Income	8.9%	

Endnotes:

The global non-response rate (GNR) for the Southdale 100% data is 2.2% and 4.0% for the 25% data. The GNR combines both complete non-response (household) and partial non-reponse (question) into a single rate. The GNR is an indication of data quality, where a smaller GNR suggests greater accuracy and a lower risk of non-response bias. When the GNR is 50% or above, the data are suppressed. A higher GNR indicates the need for user caution.

Data in this report have been specially tabulated from the Statistic Canada 2016 Census of Canada, by allocation of the Statistics Canada block face reference points to Provincial Electoral Divisions (PEDs).

- ^ Income statistics presented in this report are based on 25% sample data from 2016 Census. Statistics Canada has also released income data using a 100% sample, as such, Manitoba income statistics in this report may not match data presented elsewhere. Income statistics from the 25% sample are used because the PEDs have been created using block face reference points.
- * Totals may not add to 100% due to random rounding.
- ** 100% Data
- *** 25% Sample Data
- .. Data not available
- (1) All persons under the age of 15 years are considered 'never married' and not living common-law.
- (2) Census family is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.
- (3) Language spoken most often at home at the time of the Census. More than one language can be reported if the languages are spoken equally often. Caution is advised when using for historical comparability purposes.
- (4) Refers to whether a person can conduct a conversation in the language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages the child is learning.
- (5) Includes persons who reported being an Aboriginal person (First Nations/North American Indian, Métis or Inuk/Inuit) and/or having Registered or Treaty Indian status, and/or membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Estimates associated with this variable are most affected by the incomplete enumeration of Indian reserves or settlements.
- (6) Includes persons who indicated only one Aboriginal group (i.e. First Nations, Metis or Inuit).
- (7) Includes persons who indicated any two or all three of First Nations, Metis or Inuit.
- (8) Includes persons who are not First Nations, Metis or Inuit, but who reported Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- (9) Includes Canadian citizens by birth and naturalization.
- (10) Persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.
- (11) Persons who are, or have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. This category includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
- (12) Includes persons from another country who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants, and their family members living in Canada with them.
- (13) Includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere (i.e. born at sea).
- (14) Refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act , and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. Under the Act , visible minorities are "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour."
- (15) Refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors (usually more distant than a grandparent).
- (16) The sum of the ethnic groups in this table is greater than the total population count because a person may report more than one ethnic origin.
- (17) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier. Non-migrants are persons who moved but remained in the same city, town, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different jurisdiction (such as a city or town) but remained within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.

- (18) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier.
- (19) Includes mobile homes and other dwellings such as houseboats, recreational vehicles and railroad cars.
- (20) All expenses paid by household renters including monthly rent, electricity, heat, water and other municipal services where applicable.
- (21) All expenses paid by household owners including mortgage, electricity, heat, water, taxes, condominium fees, and other municipal services where applicable.
- (22) Highest level of education a person has successfully completed and measures the broader concept of 'Educational Attainment'. A person who has completed one type of certification will not necessarily have completed the certification below it in the hierarchy. For example, a person with a trades certificate may not have completed a high school certification.
- (23) Includes only people who have this as their highest educational qualification. Excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.
- (24) Includes trades certificates/diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates from brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and the like.
- (25) Includes Journeyperson's designations.
- (26) The main discipline or subject of learning for the person's highest completed postsecondary qualification, classified according to the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Canada 2016.
- (27) Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of May 1-7, 2016.
- (28) Includes persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business with or without paid help, as well as unpaid family workers.
- (29) Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment, or who had last worked prior to January 1, 2015.
- (30) Refers to the kind of work performed by persons during the week of May 1-7, 2016, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job, according to the National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016.
- (31) Refers to the general nature of the business carried out where the person worked, classified according to the North American Industry Classification (NAICS) 2012.
- (32) Census assumes that commute to work begins at the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case.
- (33) Includes all income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice in the calendar year of 2015. Full-time full-year workers are those who worked 30 hours or more per week for at least 49 weeks in the calendar year of 2015.
- (34) Total income refers to monetary receipts from certain sources (e.g., employment income, government transfer, Old Age Security, income from investment, spousal support etc.), before income taxes and deductions, during calendar year 2015.
- (35) Total income of all household members, before income taxes and deductions for the calendar year of 2015.
- (36) Total income of all economic family members, before income taxes and deductions for the calendar year of 2015. An economic family refers to a group of two or more people who live in the same dwelling and are related by blood, marriage, common-law union, adoption or foster relationship. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. By definition, all people who are members of a census family are also members of an economic family. However, members of an economic family need not be members of the same census family.
- (37) The low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) is a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of households. The household after-tax income is adjusted to take economies of scale into account. The adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase, but at a decreasing rate, as the number of members increases. LIM-AT is not related or comparable to the low-income cut-offs (LICO) in the 2006 Census. Direct comparisons with low-income estimates from other sources is discouraged; however, it is appropriate to compare this low-income data for the PEDs presented here.
- (38) The income situation in relation to a specific low-income line, with those below the line considered to be in low income. Low income concepts are not applied in certain areas based on census subdivision types (i.e. Indian reserves). Substantial in-kind transfers (i.e. subsidized and/or band housing), barter economies and/or consumption from hunting, farming or fishing, could make the interpretation of low income statistics difficult in these cases. Due to the differing numbers of reserves within the various PEDs, some PEDs will be impacted by this more so than others.
- (39) Persons living on Indian reserves and Indian settlements were not asked the questions on citizenship, landed immigrant status or year of immigration. Consequently, this data is not available for areas where the majority of the population resides on-reserve. The following electoral divisions are impacted by this: Flin Flon, Keewatinook and The Pas-Kameesak.